<u>SEPT</u>	<u>OCT</u>	NOV	DEC	<u>JAN</u>	<u>FEB</u>	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	<u>JUNE</u>
Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3		Unit 4		Unit 5		Unit 6	
The Uniqueness of Culture and Identity  (4 weeks)  PT 10/1	Interaction among groups can bring positives and negatives  (5 weeks)  PT 11/6	Freedo comes cost (5 Wee PT 12/2	at high	The Power of Making in a D & Midterm  (9 weeks) PT 3/10 *Representation	emocracy	Change is evolving plife  (5 weeks)  PT 4/22  *Expedition	part of	always me What brin together break us a	may also apart ch Project

Unit 1	Understanding	<b>Essential Question</b>
The Uniqueness of Culture and Identity CCSS 7.1	<ul> <li>U1: Location will impact how different cultures and societies form.</li> <li>U2: Individual cultures have developed differently due to adapting to their surroundings, geography and the environment around them.</li> <li>U3: Cultures and Identity have developed with similarities and differences that can be uniquely appreciated.</li> </ul>	EQ1: How does geography affect your culture where you live?  EQ2: How do we currently identify ourselves? How may something we say or write be misinterpreted by another?  EQ3: How does the movement and interaction of people create a unique culture?  EQ4: To what extent does the location in which you live affect your culture and identity?

## **Performance Task:**

Develop a Tweet on Twitter that will teach/inform others about the unique culture and Identity of your fellow scholars. Compare and Contrast the uniqueness of the culture and identities that were tweeted from your class.

### **Common Formative Assessment:**

4 squared graphic organizer that depicts the similarities and differences of Northern and Southern Native settlements

Unit 2	Understanding	Essential Question
Interaction among groups	<b>U1:</b> People make informed decisions to migrate to various geographic locations	<b>EQ1:</b> What social, economic, and political reasons lead groups to migrate?
can bring positives and negatives	<b>U2</b> Science and technology impact individuals, society and the world	<b>EQ2</b> What are current and historical examples of science and technology that have impacted individuals, society, and the world?
CCSS 7.2 C3	<b>U3:</b> interactions among groups can bring both positive and negative outcomes	<b>EQ3:</b> To what extent can interactions between groups create outcomes that are not positive for all?
	<b>U4</b> : Colonial American social structures created a society in which all people were not treated equally.	<b>EQ4</b> : Why do societies establish social structures that do not treat people equally and benefit all?

### **Performance Task:**

Create a flier for the Rochester community describing an identified issue where interactions have been positive or negative. This flier is also asking for positive feedback or possible solutions to a negative interaction.

#### **Common Formative Assessment:**

**Graphic Organizer about African retentions** 

Colonial DBQ document analysis from the perspective of Africans, Indigenous people, and Europeans about their interactions with each other

Unit 3	Understanding	Essential Question
Freedom comes at high	<b>U1</b> The relationship between individual rights and responsibilities	<b>E1</b> What are your rights and responsibilities as a member of our class, school, and
cost	U2 different groups/nations attempt to resolve	community?
CCSS 7.3	conflicts to seek order and security	<b>E2</b> How do you meet your individual needs
С3	U3 Recognizing the tensions that occur when the	while considering others?
	goals, values, and principles of two or more groups conflict	<b>E3</b> How can conflicts have positive and negative effects?

#### **Performance Task:**

Preparing a well-drawn out plan of argument to ensure continued support and peace for students at East High School and present it to administration.

### **Common Formative Assessment**

Public service announcement about interaction between Colonists and Great Britain (positive and/or negative)

Unit 4	Understanding	Essential Question
The Power of	U1 challenges among a group of people may or	E1 Why might one challenge something?
Resolution Making in a	may not result in unity  U2 Fundamental ideas that are the foundation of	<b>E2</b> How do similar goals change to differing outcomes?
Democracy & Midterm	American Constitutional Democracy (including those of the U.S. Constitution, Popular	E3 Why is it important to have more than one
CCSS 7.4-7.5	Sovereignty, the rule of law, separation of Powers, checks and balances, and federalism).	person in power?  E4 Why is a universal common law
C3	<b>U3</b> conflicts exist when social justice is questioned	important?

#### **Performance Task:**

Students identify an important need within our community. As a scholarly committee group, design a suggested solution(s) to present to Mayor Lovely Warren in our classroom.

### **Common Formative Assessment**

Chart of the strengths and weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation

Graphic Organizer defining the principles of the U.S. Constitution

Unit 5	Understanding	Essential Question	
Change is an evolving part of life	<ul><li>U1: Ideas that benefit one group can manifest into the displacement of a group of people</li><li>U2: Social, Political, and economic inequalities</li></ul>	E1: How does movement of people create opportunities and conflicts?  E2: Is justice for you justice for all? Why or	
CCSS 7.6-7.7 C3	spark reform movements <b>U3</b> :Issues continue involving the rights of individuals and groups in relation to general	why not? When have you felt as though a decision was made about your life that you felt was unfair?	
	welfare	E3: How do individuals and groups shape social and political conditions?	

## **Performance Task:**

Debate whether change results in progress. Findings will be published in the East newspaper with a poll and questionnaire asking for student feedback. A drop box will be placed in unit office to support student body reflections.

### **Common Formative Assessment**

Poster Activity describing the rights and inequalities of Native Americans, Women, and African Americans

Unit 6	Understanding	Essential Question
Compromise does not always mean justice & Research Project CCSS 7.8	U1: Compromise does not mean equality for all U2: sectional and regional differences lead to advantages and disadvantages for the North and South during the Civil War  U3: A Civil War is influenced by power, Authority, and Governance	E1: Is it possible to stay neutral when others disagree? E2: Can a broken relationship be repaired? E3: How are we influenced by people in power? To what extent can you be prepared to deal with obstacles in your life?

## **Performance Task:**

Set a goal- "plan for future", all possible obstacles you may face need to be distinguished. Create all possible solutions that may arise during your endeavor to reach your goal. (Elaborate on how they could overcome these obstacles) = growth mindset

### **Common Formative Assessment**

A timeline of events leading up to the American Civil war