

Name _____

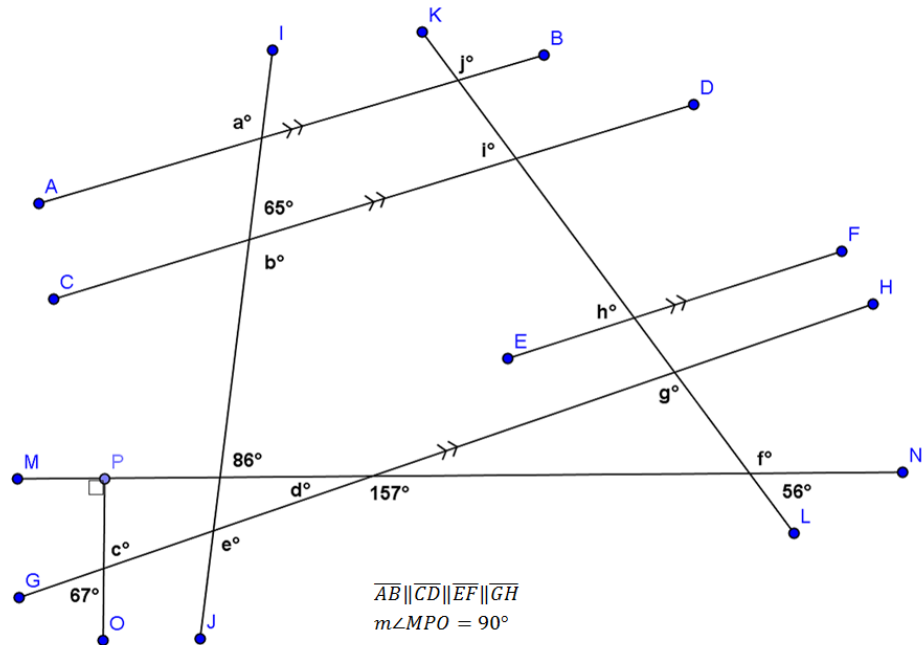
Date _____

Geometry

Lesson 12 Modular 1

Warm Up 1

1. Find the measure of each lettered angle in the figure below.



a = b = c = d = e =

f = g = h = i = j =

Name _____

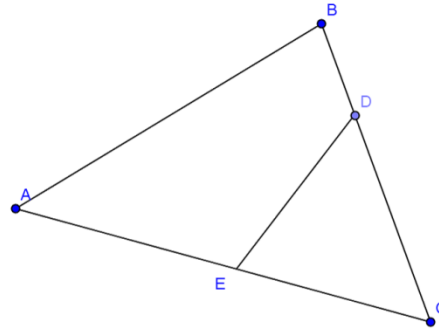
Date _____

Geometry

Lesson 12

Warm Up 2

1. Given: $m\angle CDE = m\angle BAC$
Prove: $m\angle DEC = m\angle ABC$



Name _____

Date _____

Geometry

Lesson 12

Class Discussion

Explaining how to transform figures without the benefit of a coordinate plane can be difficult without some important vocabulary. Let's review.

The word transformation has a specific meaning in geometry. A transformation F of the plane is a function that assigns to each point P of the plane a unique point $F(P)$ in the plane. Transformations that preserve lengths of segments and measures of angles are called _____. A dilation is an example of a transformation that preserves _____ measures but not the lengths of segments. In this lesson, we will work only with rigid transformations. We call a figure that is about to undergo a transformation the _____ while the figure that has undergone the transformation is called the _____.

For a rotation, we need to know:

For a reflection, we need to know:

For a translation, we need to know:

Name _____
Geometry

Date _____
Lesson 12

Classwork

An example of a rotation applied to a figure and its image are provided. Use this model to answer the questions that follow it. For each question, a pair of figures (pre-image and image) are given as well as the center of rotation. For each question, identify and draw the following:

- I. The circle that determines the rotation, using any point on the pre-image and its image.
- II. An angle, created with three points of your choice, which demonstrates the angle of rotation.

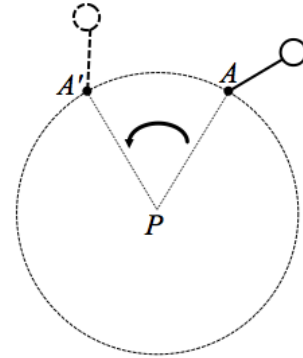
Example of a Rotation:

Pre-image: (solid line)

Image: (dotted line)

Center of rotation: P

Angle of rotation: $\angle APA'$

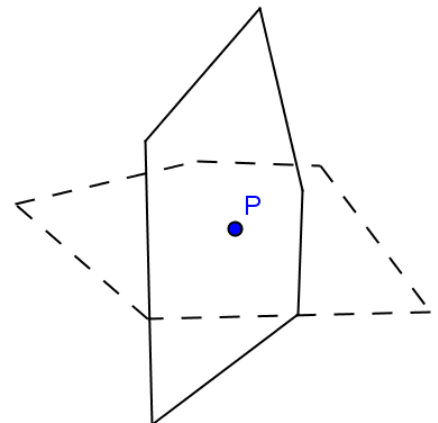


1. Pre-image: (solid line)

Image: (dotted line)

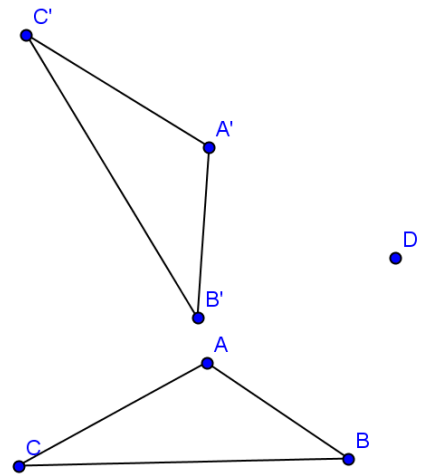
Center of rotation: P

Angle of rotation: _____



2. Pre-image: $\triangle ABC$
Image: $\triangle A'B'C'$
Center: D

Angle of rotation: _____



-----TEAR ALONG DOTTED LINE-----

Exit Ticket

How are transformations and functions related? Provide a specific example to support your reasoning.

Name _____

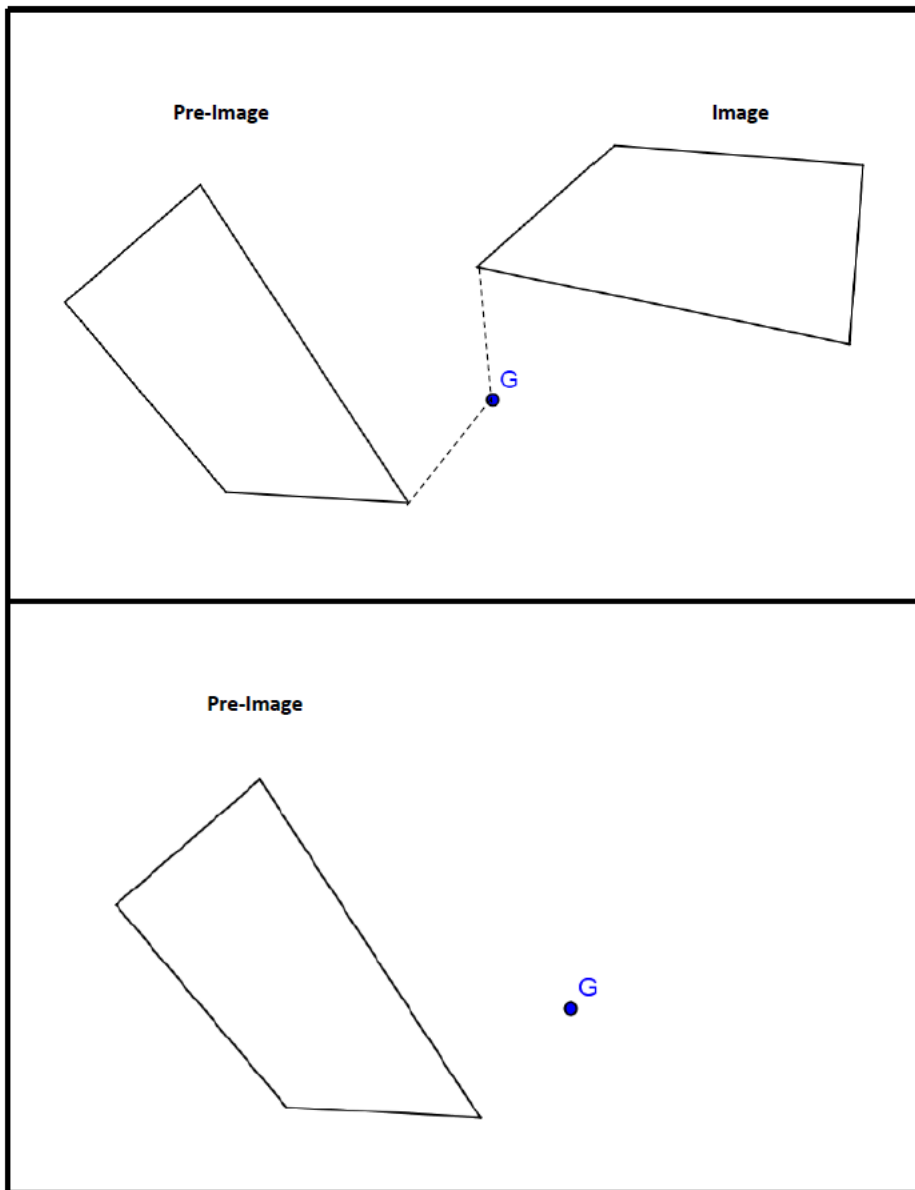
Date _____

Geometry

Lesson 12

TOD 2

Name the Transformations:



Name _____

Date _____

Geometry

Lesson 12

Relevant Vocabulary

Basic Rigid Motion:

Distance Preserving

Angle Preserving:
